1 2	Cadmium Q. Eaglefeather (SBN 502981 Eaglefeather Law Offices	.)	
3	1920 Hillhurst Ave. Los Angeles, CA 90027		
4	(323) 555-1435		
	(866) 555-1147 fax cadmium@cqelaw.com		
5			
6	Attorney for Plaintiff		
7			
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF TH	IE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
9	COUNTY OF I	LOS ANGELES	
10			
11			
12	TRIXIE ARGON , individually and on behalf of a class of similarly situated	Case No. BC5551212	
13	persons,	Plaintiff's Notice of Motion and Motion to Compel Defendant Mega-	
14	Plaintiff;		
15	Fiamum,	Corp to Produce Financial Records at Trial; Points & Authorities	
16	VS.	,	
17	MEGACORP INC., a California	Complaint filed: June 9, 2022 Trial date: August 20, 2024	
18	corporation, and Does 1 through 100, inclusive,		
19	100, Iliciusive,	Assigned to Judge Jerry Blank, Dept. 1010, Central Civil Division	
20	Defendants.	Dept. 1010, Central Civil Division	
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3	To all parties and their attorneys of record:		
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5	Dept. 1010 of the above-entit	led court, plaintiff Trixie Argon will move the	
6	Court for a motion to compel o	defendant MegaCorp to produce financial records	
7	she previously requested.		
8	This motion is made on th	e ground that Ms. Argon served MegaCorp with a	
9	valid notice to produce financi	ial records at trial. Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 1987(c),	
10	Cal. Civ. Code § 3295(c). Mega	Corp served objections and refused to comply.	
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12	trial for punitive damages aga	inst MegaCorp. Therefore, the documents are	
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17	motion—on the evidence prese	ented at the hearing.	
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20		Ву:	
21		Cadmium Q. Eaglefeather	
22		Attorney for Plaintiff	
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1. Ms. Argon is entitled to the financial records.

Because this is a punitive-damages case, Ms. Argon is entitled to subpoena documents "to be available at the trial for the purpose of establishing the profits or financial condition" of MegaCorp. Cal. Civ. Code § 3295(c).

Ms. Argon has a right to these records even without showing that there is a "substantial probability that [she] will prevail". *Id.* That's the rule for pretrial discovery of financial records, but not for records to be brought to trial. *Id.*

2. The financial records are material to Ms. Argon's case.

If the jury finds MegaCorp liable for punitive damages, the jury may then consider "[e]vidence of profit and financial condition" of those defendants to determine the amount of punitive damages. Cal. Civ. Code §§ 3294(a) and 3295(d); *Nolin v. Nat'l Convenience Stores, Inc.*, 95 Cal. App. 3d 279, 288 (1979).

Ms. Argon will be prejudiced without the financial records, so there is good cause to compel their production. MegaCorp was ordered to stand trial on punitive damages. (Eaglefeather Decl. ¶ 4.) If the jury returns an initial verdict for punitive damages, Ms. Argon will need these financial records to prove the amount of punitive damages. MegaCorp cannot circumvent the trial by withholding evidence that the jury must consider. Cal. Civ. Code § 3295(d). 4. Conclusion For these reasons, Ms. Argon asks that the Court order MegaCorp to pro-duce the requested financial records. November 19, 2023 EAGLEFEATHER LAW OFFICES By: Cadmium Q. Eaglefeather Attorney for Plaintiff

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February 15, 2024

George Falkenburg Falkenburg, Fester, and Funk LLP 1252 W. 83rd Street Bakersfield, CA 90909

Re: Nicholson v. MegaCorp, Case No. B718590125-2

Dear Mr. Falkenburg:

In response to your recent request, I've enclosed a DVD of photographs I took during the inspection of the MegaCorp facility on October 30, 2023.

I apologize for the delay, but I was recently hospitalized for a concussion sustained while rollerblading. Rest assured that I am on the mend. If you have any questions about this DVD, please let me know.

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I must, therefore, ask you to withdraw these interrogatories. While you are welcome to serve them again with the necessary declaration, my client is not obligated to respond to procedurally defective discovery requests. Furthermore, if you don't withdraw these interrogatories within six days, I will file a motion for protective order and seek sanctions.

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CADMIUM Q. EAGLEFEATHER

CQE / bqe Enclosure To: Cadmium Q. Eaglefeather

From: Trixie Argon

Date: 10 September 2024

Re: Cause of action for malicious prosecution

Malicious prosecution has three elements that must be pleaded and proved:

- 1) the defendant commenced a judicial proceeding against the plaintiff;
- 2) the original proceeding was "initiated with malice" and "without probable cause"; and
- 3) the proceeding was "pursued to a legal termination in [the plaintiff's] favor."

Bertero v. National General Corp., 13 Cal. 3d 43, 50 (1974).

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"Termination" usually means the entry of judgment in favor of the malicious-prosecution plaintiff on a given claim. But any termination—for instance, deleting a claim from an amended complaint—is adequate basis for malicious prosecution. Whether the underlying claim may be revived (e.g., on appeal) is not relevant for malicious prosecution. As long as it's been judicially terminated once, it's fair game.

TRIXIE B. ARGON

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EDUCATION	
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9	COUNTY OF L		
10	COUNTY OF E	OS ANGLES	
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20		By:	
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